

## Introduction

Spoken language and co-speech iconic gestures underlie the same cognitive representations [1] and are systematically organized in relation to one another, but do not necessarily express identical aspects [2]. Thus, both modalities together convey the full meaning of the speaker's cognitive representations [1]. Holler and Beattie [3] argue, however, that speech and gesture are more flexibly integrated, depending on the communicative intention of the speaker and they hypothesize that **semantic features (SF) in gesture and speech vary according to communicative demands.**

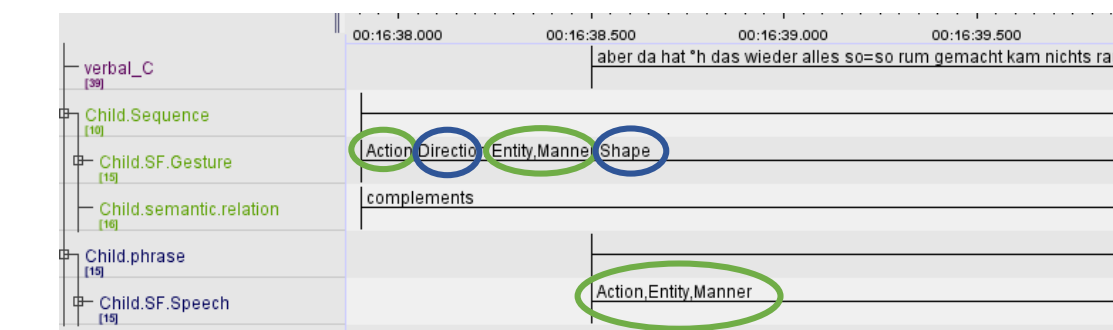
Here, we pose the following questions:

- How are semantic features distributed in children's speech and gesture?
- How does the distribution vary with different communicational demands?
- How are children's cognitive skills related to the use of semantic features in speech and gesture?

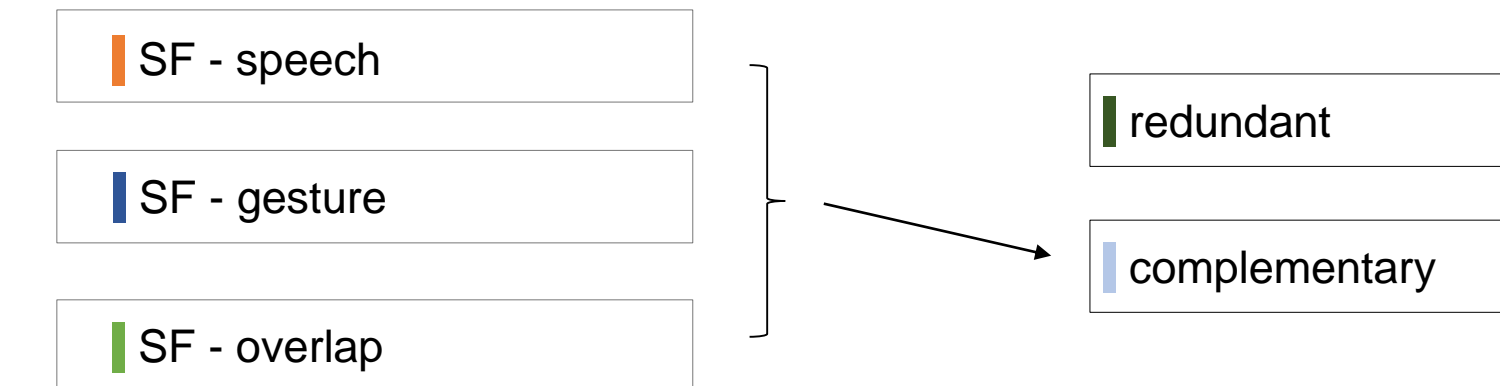
## Procedure

Preschool children (n = 40) from Germany at the age of 4 participated in our study. During the first session children completed three different communicative tasks. At the second session they completed the non-verbal Intelligence Test SON-R 2.5 - 7.

## Coding



Example: "but he did it this way and nothing came out"



## Semantic features (SF) in iconic gesture and speech

Entity – Manner – Property - Relative position  
Action – Direction – Shape – Amount – Others  
(Bergmann & Kopp 2006)

## Method

### Communicative Tasks

Retelling

Explanation

Report

### Intelligence Test

SON-R

Reasoning

Spatial

Categories

Mosaics

Analogies

Puzzle

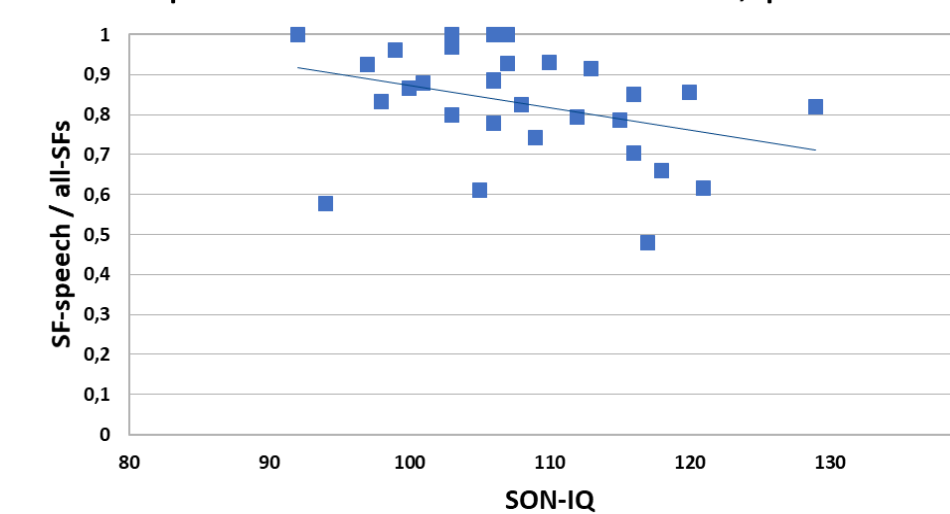
Situations

Patterns

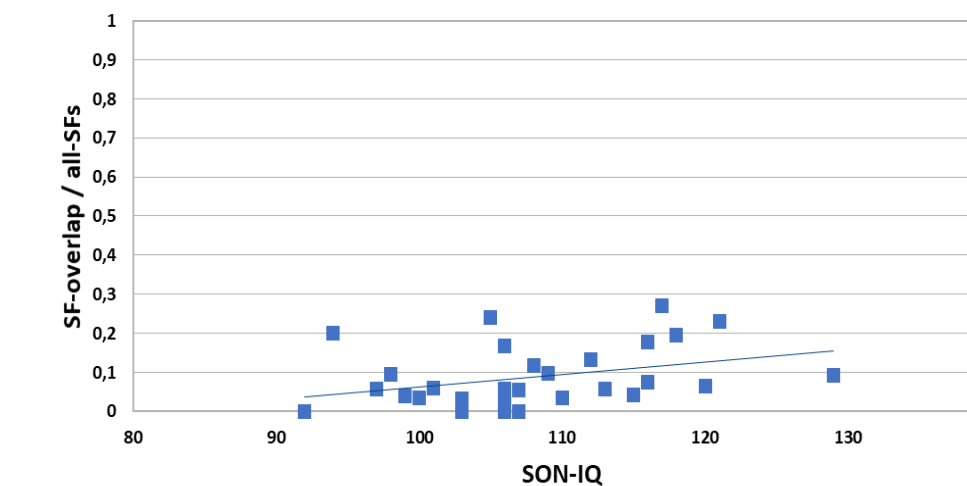
## Results

### cognitive skills and SF

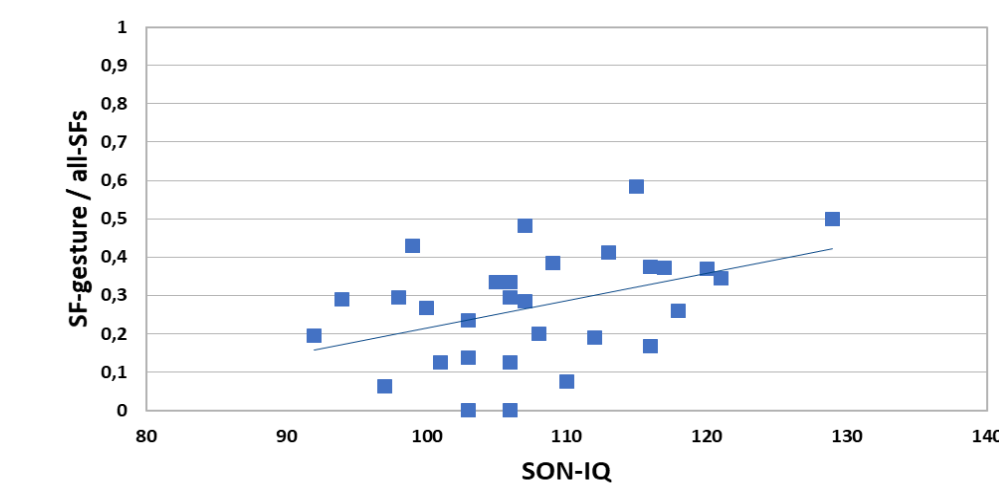
explanation: Pearson's R = -0.35, p < 0.05



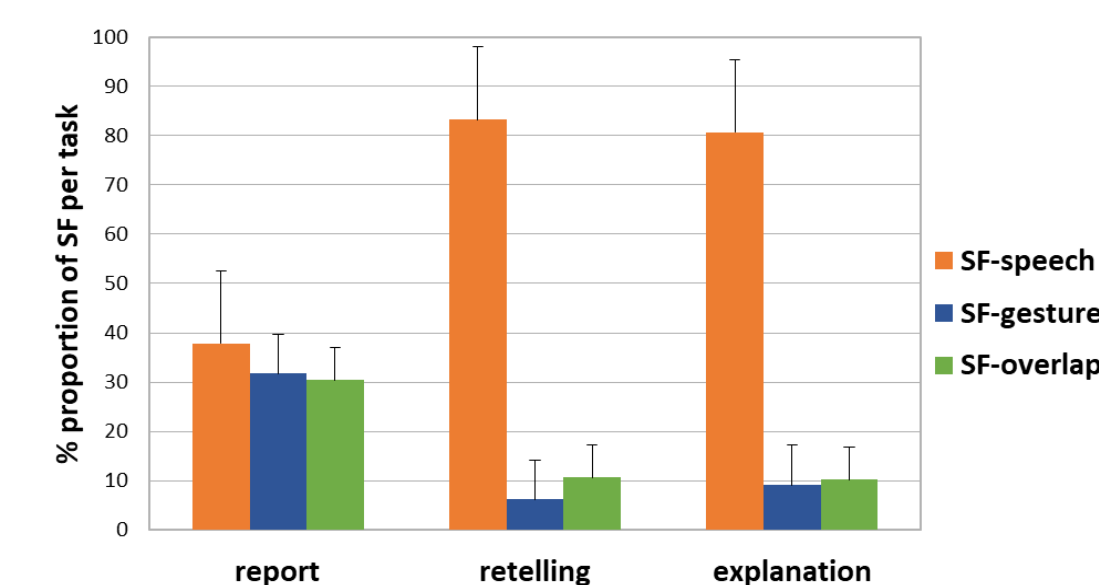
explanation: Pearson's R = 0.347, p < 0.05



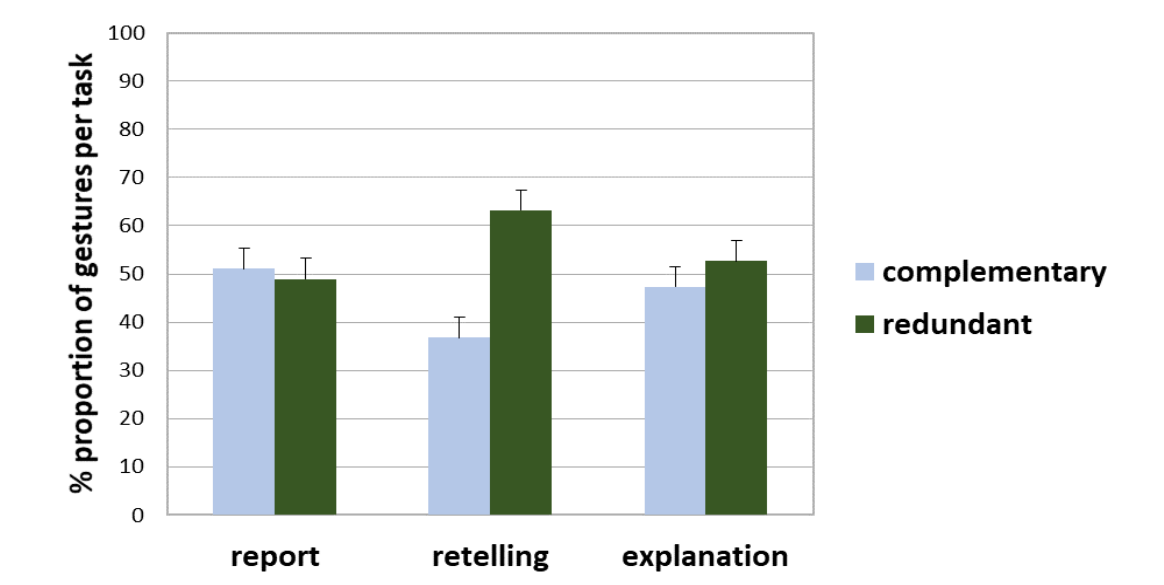
report: Pearson's R = 0.417, p < 0.05



### SF in speech and gesture



### complementary vs. redundant



## References

[1] McNeill, David (1992). Hand and Mind: What Gestures reveal about thought. University of Chicago Press. [2] McNeill and Duncan, "Growth points in thinking for speaking," in Language and gesture, D. McNeill, Ed. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press, 2000, pp. 141–161 [3] Holler, Judith & Beattie, Geoffrey. (2003). How iconic gestures and speech interact in the representation of meaning: Are both aspects really integral to the process? Semiotica 146. 81-116; [4] Bergmann, Kirsten & Kopp, Stefan. (2006). Verbal or visual? How information is distributed across speech and gesture in spatial dialog.